10

15

20

## What Is Claimed Is:

1. An apparatus for dynamic power control of a processor based on a thermal condition, comprising:

a sensor to measure a thermal characteristic of a processor with a clock frequency; a circuit, responsive to the measured thermal characteristic satisfying a predetermined threshold, to reduce the clock frequency of the processor.

- 2. The apparatus of claim 1, wherein the thermal characteristic includes temperature and rate of temperature change.
- 3. The apparatus of claim 1, wherein the circuit includes a frequency generator and a logic circuit.
- 4. The apparatus of claim 1, wherein the circuit reduces the clock frequency by less than fifty percent.
- 5. The apparatus of claim 1, wherein the circuit reduces the clock frequency by removing a pre-determined number of transitions from a signal producing the clock frequency.
  - 6. The apparatus of claim 1, wherein the sensor and circuit produce a higher operating temperature for the processor.
- 7. A method for dynamic power control of a processor based on a thermal condition, comprising:

measuring a thermal characteristic of a processor with a clock frequency; reducing the clock frequency in response to the measured thermal characteristic satisfying a pre-determined threshold.

10

15

20

- 8. The method of claim 7, wherein the step of measuring includes measuring temperature and rate of temperature change.
- 9. The method of claim 7, wherein the step of reducing includes reducing the clock frequency by less than fifty percent.
- 10. The method of claim 7, wherein the step of reducing includes reducing the clock frequency by removing a pre-determined number of transitions from a signal producing the clock frequency.
- 11. The method of claim 10, wherein the step of reducing includes reducing the clock frequency in response to the measured thermal characteristic satisfying a predetermined threshold to produce a higher operating temperature of the processor.
- 12. A method for using control logic to provide dynamic power control of a processor based on a thermal condition, comprising:

entering a first state from a second/state in response to a measured thermal characteristic of a processor with a clock frequency failing to satisfy a first predetermined threshold where the first state outputs the clock frequency for the processor and the second state reduces the clock frequency for the processor;

remaining in the first state in response to a measured thermal characteristic of the processor failing to satisfy the first pre-determined threshold; and

entering the second state from the first state in response to a measured thermal characteristic of the processor satisfying the first pre-determined threshold.

- 13. The method of claim 12, wherein the thermal characteristic of the processor includes temperature and rate of temperature change.
  - 14. The method of claim 12, further comprising:

16

Jub A JE

10

15

20

entering a third state from the first state in response to a measured thermal characteristic of the processor satisfying a second pre-determined threshold where the third state waits for a measured thermal characteristic of the processor to satisfy a third pre-determined threshold to reduce the clock frequency for the processor;

remaining in the third state in response to measured thermal characteristic of the processor failing to satisfy the third pre-determined threshold; and

entering the first state from the third state in response to a measured thermal characteristic failing to satisfy the second pre-determined threshold.

15. The method of claim 14, wherein the second pre-determined threshold is a temperature threshold, and the third pre-determined threshold is a rate of temperature change threshold.

16. The method of claim 14, further comprising:

entering the second state from the third state in response to a measured thermal characteristic of the processor satisfying the third pre-determined threshold;

remaining in the second state in response to a measured thermal characteristic of the processor satisfying the third pre-determined threshold; and

entering the third state from the second state in response to a measured thermal characteristic of the processor failing to satisfy the second pre-determined threshold.

17. The method of claim 16, wherein the second pre-determined threshold is a temperature threshold, and the third pre-determined threshold is a rate of temperature change threshold.

17